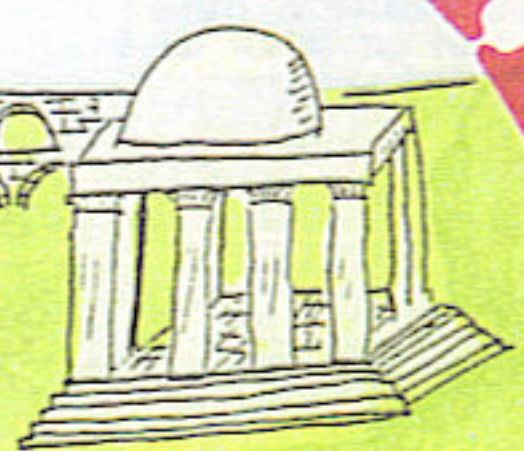
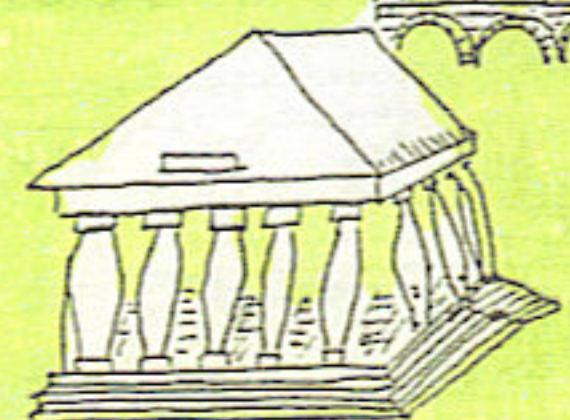
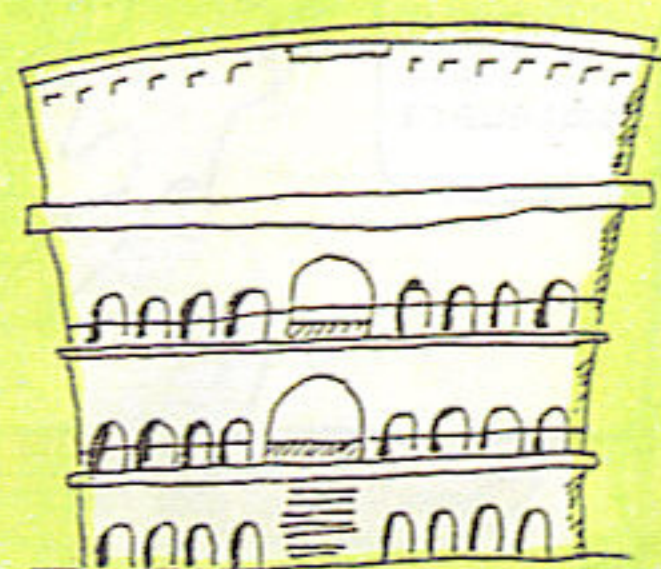


*best*

**Horace's  
12 PAGE  
ILLUSTRATED**

# HISTORY OF ROME



A 10 Minute  
History Lesson  
by Rob Morris

Anthony



Sid



Horace,  
the  
talker

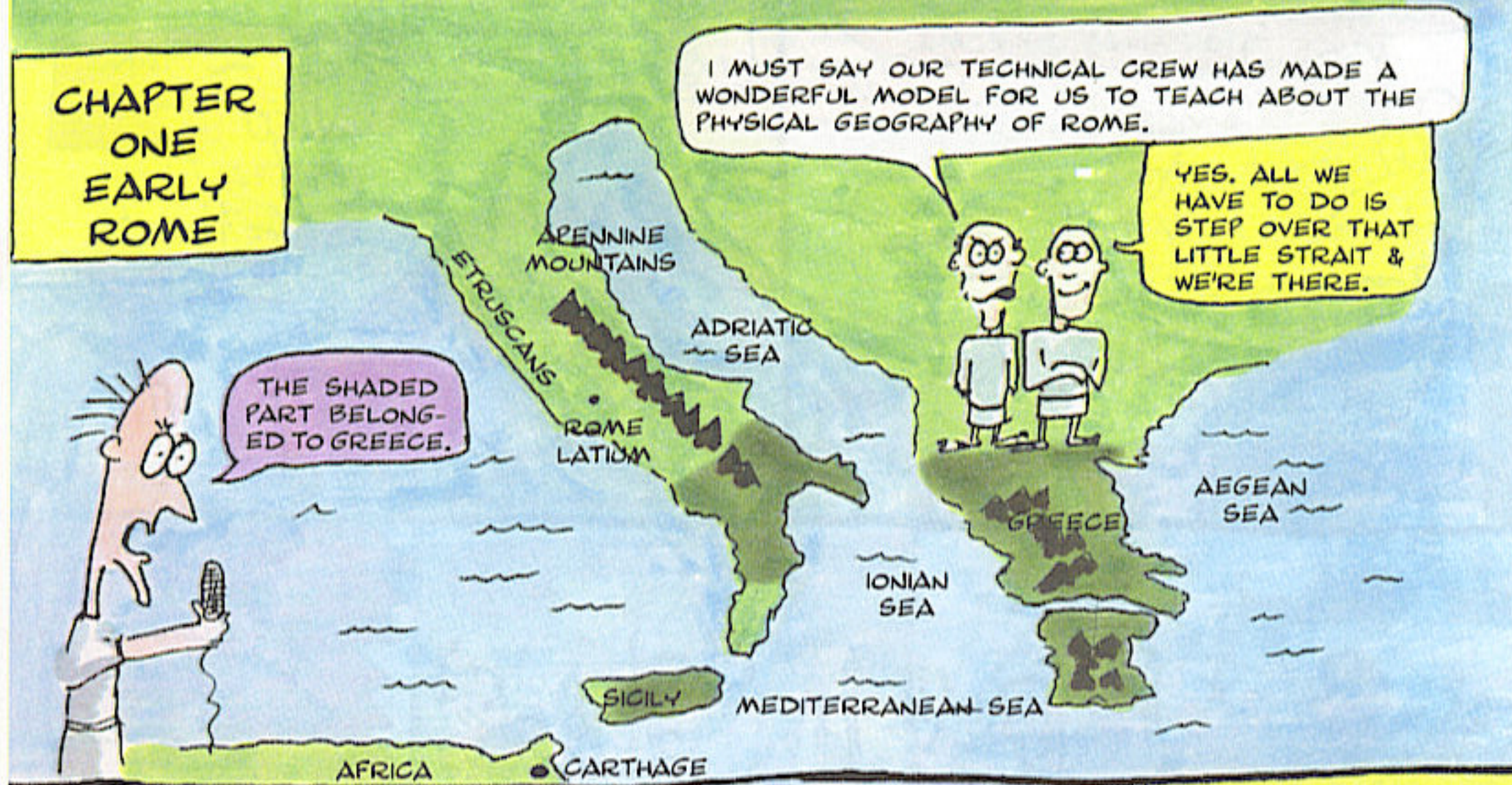


**CHAPTER ONE  
EARLY ROME**

I MUST SAY OUR TECHNICAL CREW HAS MADE A WONDERFUL MODEL FOR US TO TEACH ABOUT THE PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF ROME.

YES. ALL WE HAVE TO DO IS STEP OVER THAT LITTLE STRAIT & WE'RE THERE.

THE SHADED PART BELONGED TO GREECE.

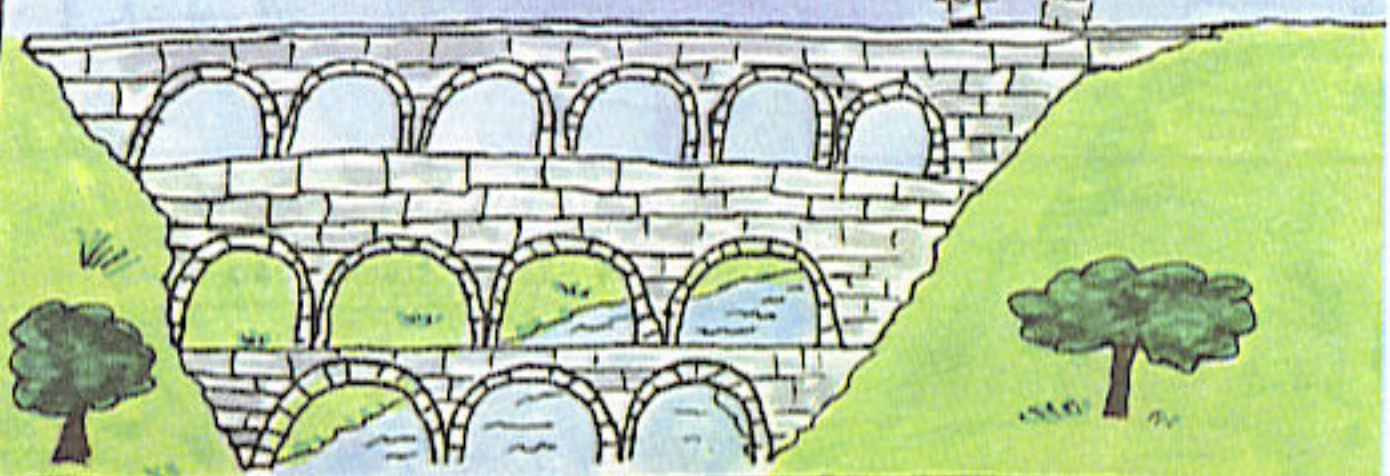


OF COURSE, GREECE REALLY INFLUENCED ROME, AS DID

ANOTHER NEIGHBOR TO THE NORTH — THE ETRUSCANS.

THE ETRUSCANS WERE ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS. ROME LEARNED WELL FROM THEM.

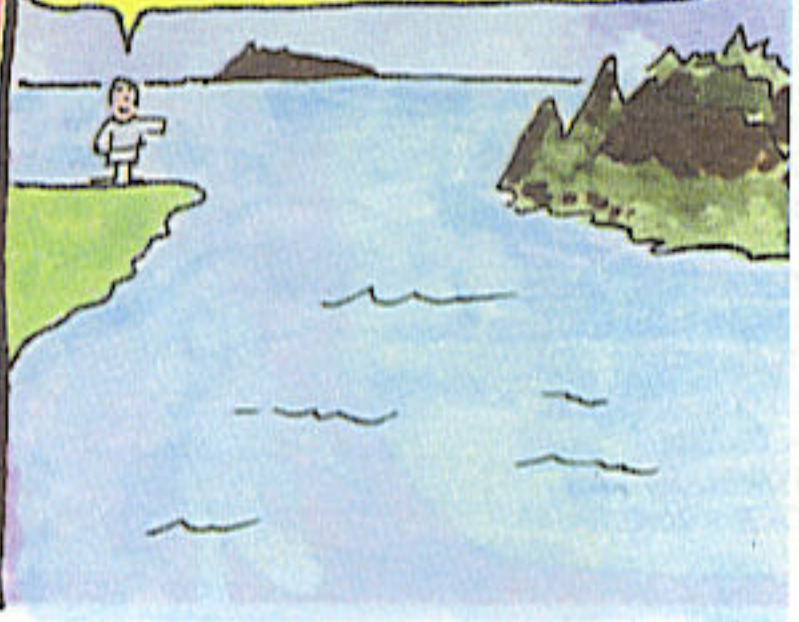
WHAT A GREAT DESIGN! WE HAVE TO TRY THAT!



OF COURSE, OUR GREEK IDEAS WERE BETTER. THAT'S AN AQUEDUCT, USED TO CARRY WATER.

WE WERE ALSO IN SOUTHERN ITALY. WE GREEKS, THAT IS; SO WE HAD QUITE A BIT OF CONTACT WITH THE ROMANS.

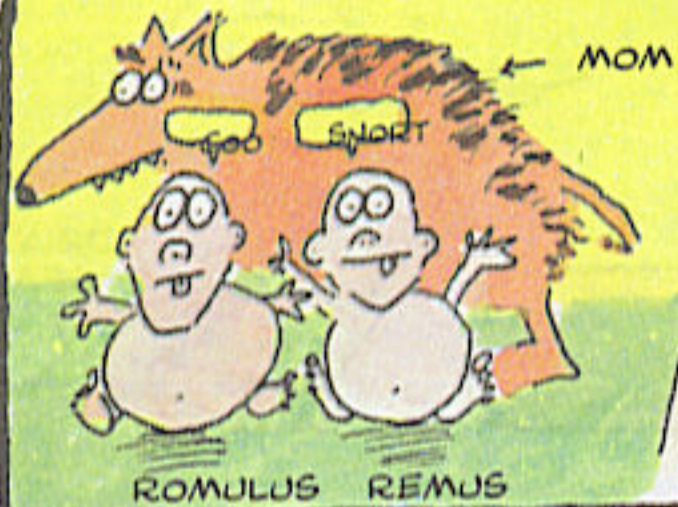
AS YOU CAN PLAINLY SEE, GREECE IS MOUNTAINOUS, AND ROME AND ITALY ARE FLAT. THE PEOPLE WERE ABLE TO TRAVEL MORE EASILY AND FEEL MUCH MORE UNIFIED.



HELLO! HORACE THE TALKER HERE. I HAVE WITH ME OUR ROMAN GUIDE, LUCRETIUS. HE'LL BE HELPING OUR STORY-LINE ON ROME.

MY PLEASURE, HORACE.

ACCORDING TO ROMAN LEGEND, ROME WAS FOUNDED ABOUT 753 B.C. BY ROMULUS, WHO, WITH HIS BROTHER REMUS, WAS RAISED BY A SHE-WOLF.



CHAPTER TWO: ROME GETS BIG

WHAT A TACKY TITLE!

SID, MUST YOU ALWAYS COMPLAIN ABOUT EVERYTHING? CONTROL THAT SPARTAN TEMPER.

HELLO. LUCRETIUS HERE. SEE THIS MAP? IT EXPLAINS WHY ROME & CARTHAGE HAD WARS



OH, BY THE WAY. DID YOU NOTICE SID'S CUTE ROMAN HAIRCUT?

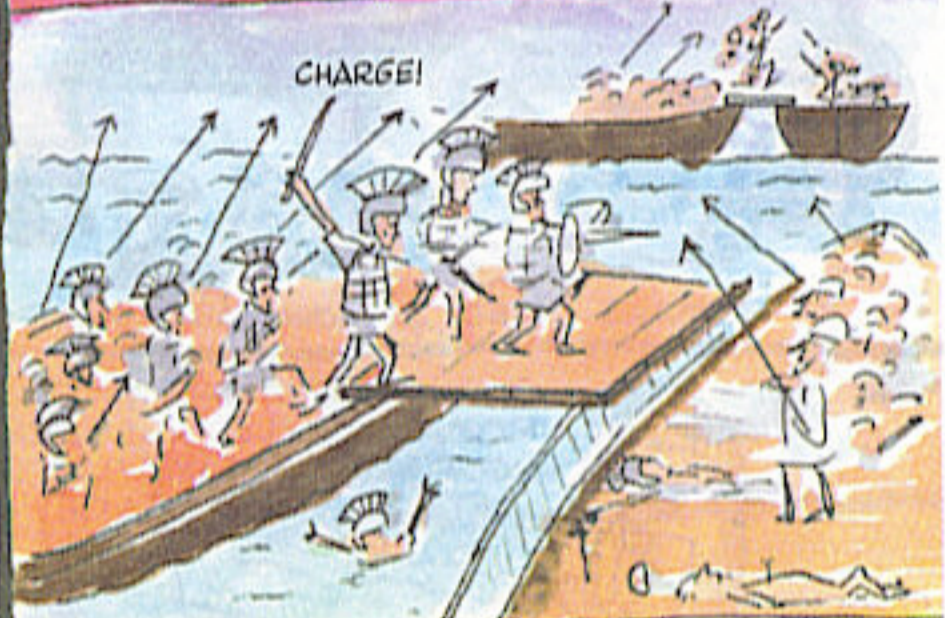
YOU'LL DIE FOR THAT COMMENT. BLUSH

ROME & CARTHAGE FOUGHT FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE FIRST PUNIC WAR. ROME WON-AFTER 23 YEARS OF WAR.

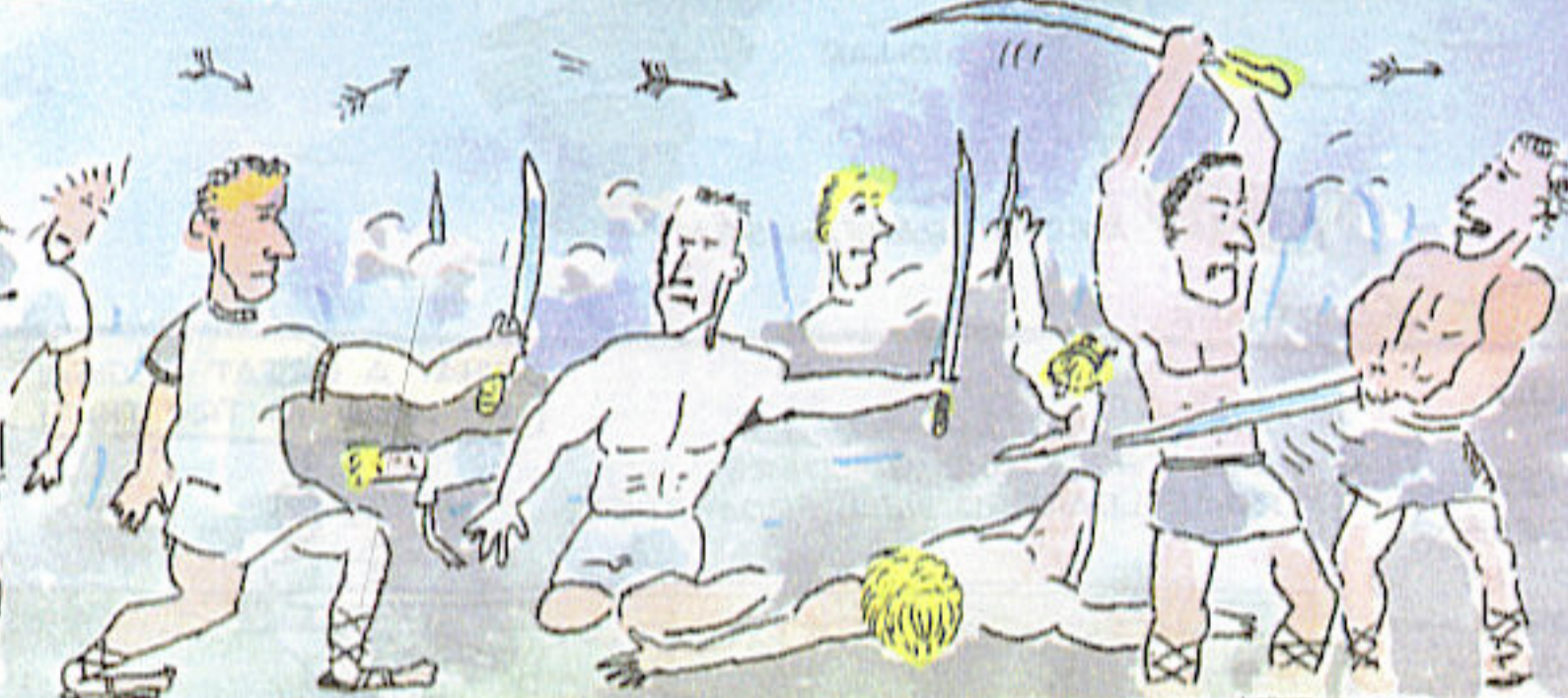
I CAN'T SWIM. I'M SCARED OF THE SEA. I LIKE TO FIGHT ON LAND.



THE ROMANS WEREN'T SAILORS, BUT THEY WON ANYWAY BY USING BRIDGES TO CLIMB FROM THEIR BOAT TO THAT OF THE ENEMY.

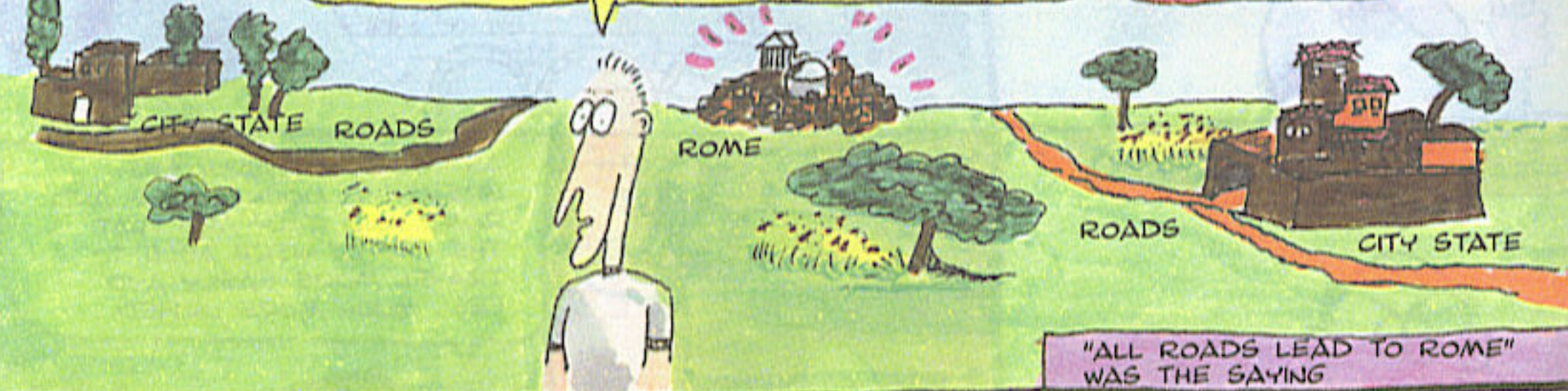


IN 509 B.C., THE ROMANS OUSTED THE ETRUSCANS. WE PROCEEDED TO BEGIN A NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT.



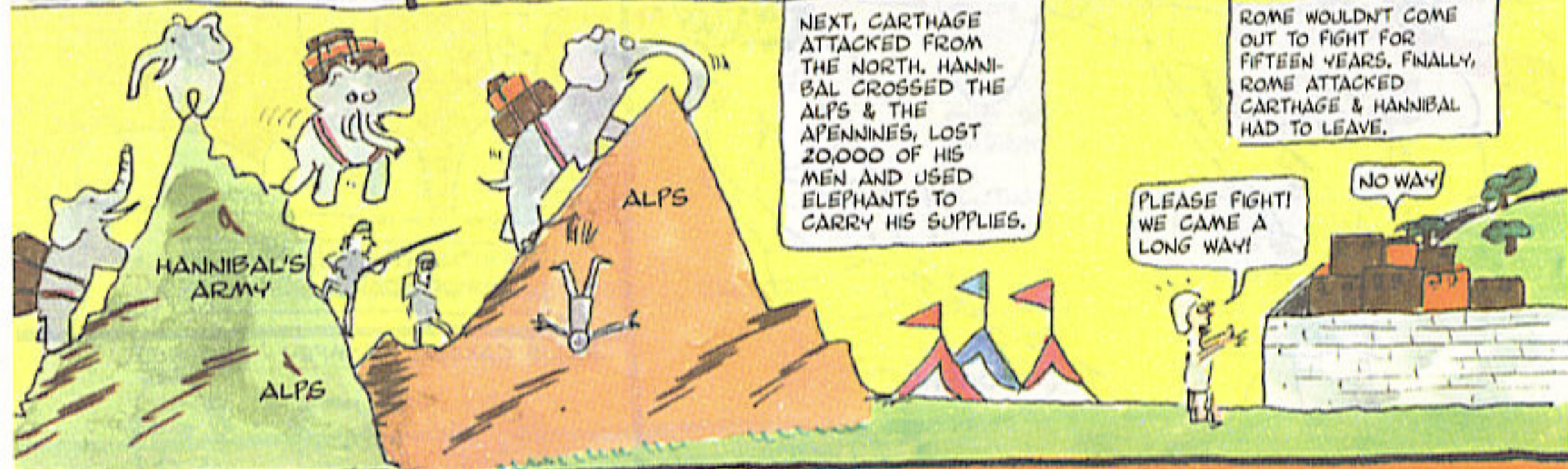
EACH CITY-STATE WAS KIND OF INDEPENDENT LIKE ITS OWN LITTLE COUNTRY, BUT WE BECAME UNIFIED OVER TIME SO THAT THE CITY STATES CONSIDERED ROME THE CAPITAL.

PEOPLE BELONGED FIRST TO THEIR CITY-STATE, THEN TO ROME.



NEXT, CARTHAGE ATTACKED FROM THE NORTH. HANNIBAL CROSSED THE ALPS & THE APENNINES, LOST 20,000 OF HIS MEN AND USED ELEPHANTS TO CARRY HIS SUPPLIES.

ROME WOULDN'T COME OUT TO FIGHT FOR FIFTEEN YEARS. FINALLY, ROME ATTACKED CARTHAGE & HANNIBAL HAD TO LEAVE.

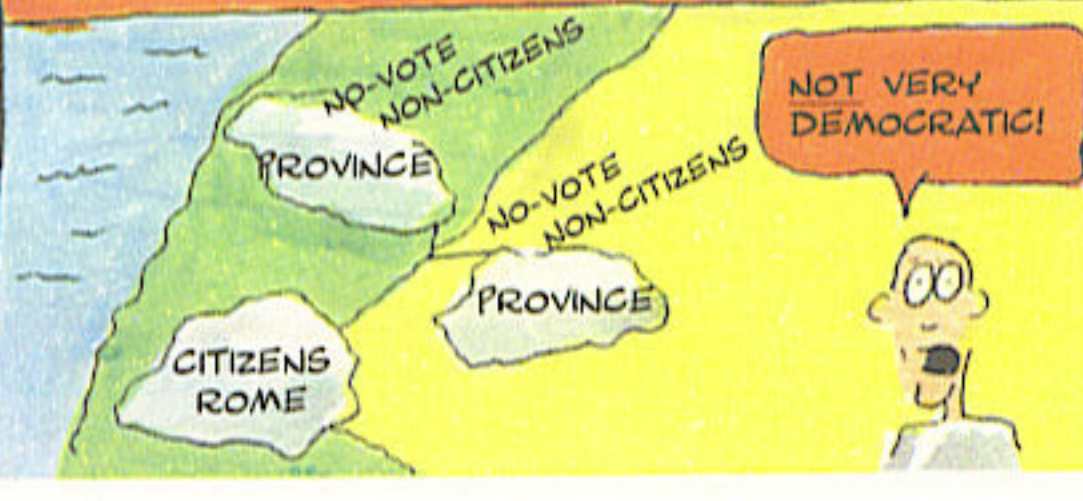


IN THE THIRD PUNIC WAR, ROME WON AGAIN & THIS TIME BURNED CARTHAGE TO THE GROUND.

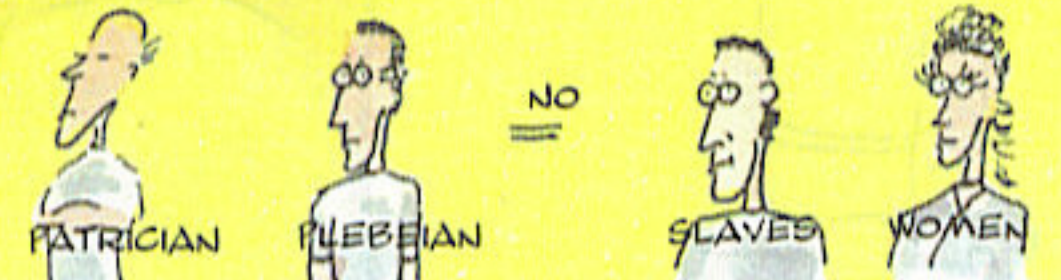
CARTHAGE WAS WHERE TUNIS, TUNISIA IS TODAY.



A PROVINCE WAS AN AREA CONTROLLED BY ROME, ITS PEOPLE WERE NOT GIVEN THE SAME RIGHTS AS A ROMAN UNLESS THEY WERE MADE CITIZENS OF ROME.



WE ALSO BECAME A REPUBLIC, MEANING CITIZENS COULD VOTE TO CONTROL THE GOVERNMENT. WOMEN AND SLAVES COULDN'T VOTE. PATRICIANS (RICH GUYS) AND PLEBEIANS (MIDDLE CLASS GUYS) WERE THE ONLY VOTERS.



EVENTUALLY, THE CITY-STATES BECAME A FEDERATION, WHERE POWER WAS DIVIDED BETWEEN THE CITY-STATES AND A CENTRAL POWER, IN THIS CASE - ROME.



ROME CONQUERED ASIA MINOR (TURKEY), ENGLAND, FRANCE, SPAIN, NORTH AFRICA, THE NEAR EAST, THE MIDDLE EAST AND PARTS OF WHAT ARE NOW GERMANY AND OTHER EUROPEAN NATIONS.

YOU KNOW, FLAVIUS WE HAVE GOT A LOT OF LAND. WHAT SHOULD WE DO NOW?  
GET MORE!



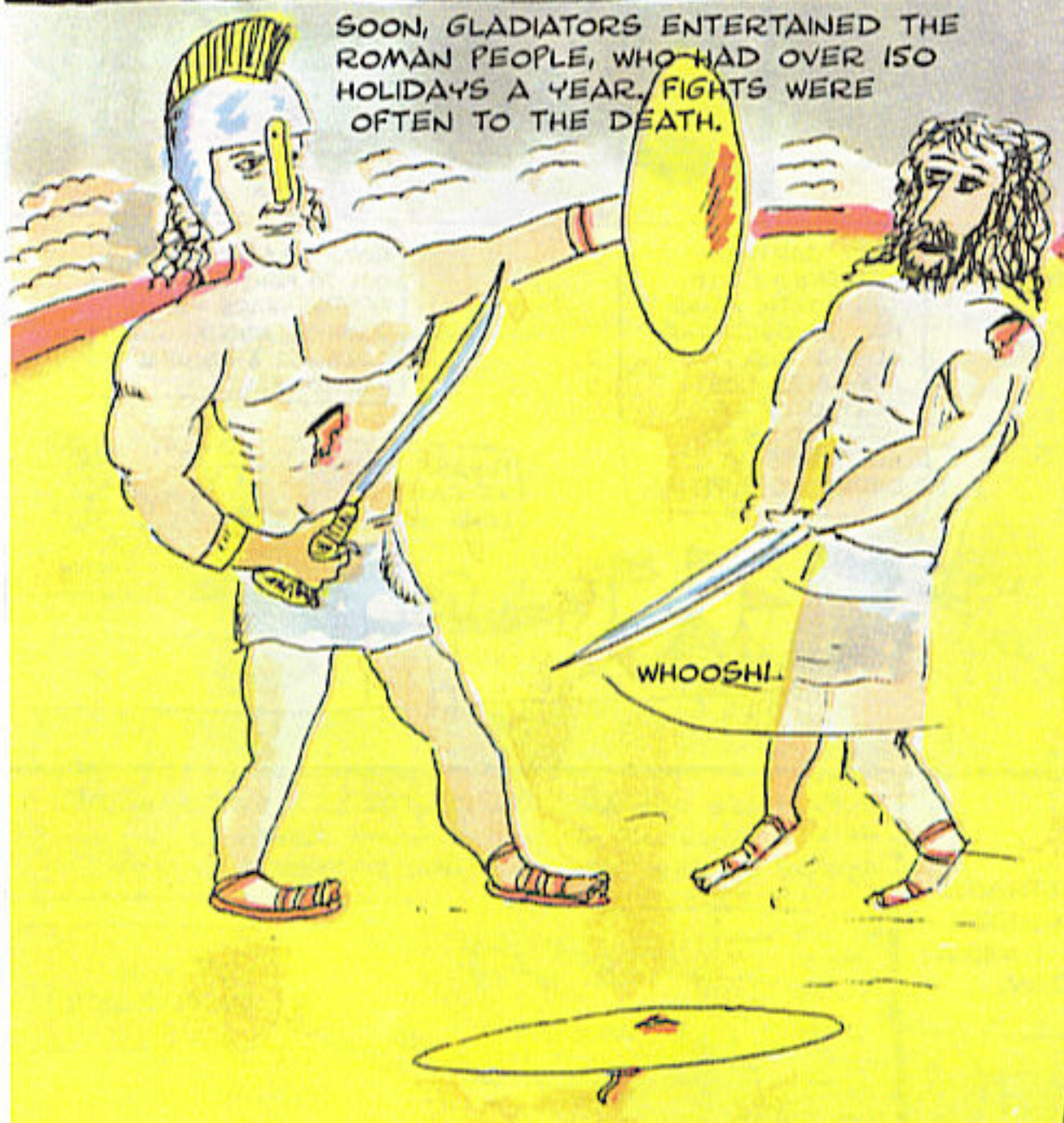
ROMANS DINED AT LOW TABLES WITH NO CHAIRS.

MANY SLAVES WERE FORCED TO WORK IN MINES, ON FARMS AND SOME WERE FORCED TO FIGHT WILD BEASTS IN THE ARENA.



I HATE BEING A SLAVE.

SOON, GLADIATORS ENTERTAINED THE ROMAN PEOPLE, WHO HAD OVER 150 HOLIDAYS A YEAR. FIGHTS WERE OFTEN TO THE DEATH.



WHOOSH!

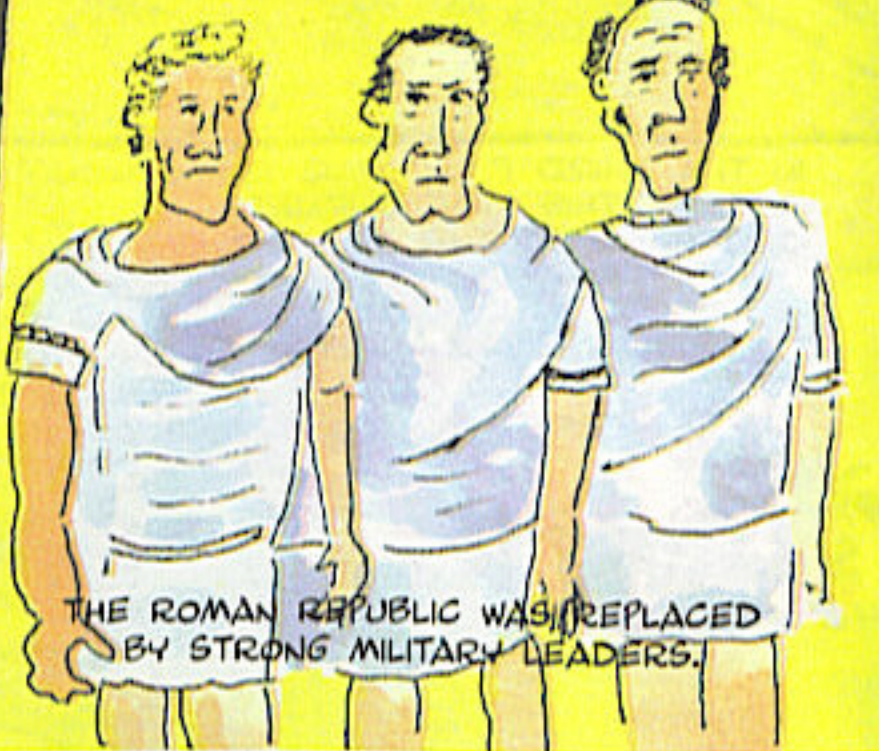
MY THAT'S UNCIVILIZED!  
I CAN'T BELIEVE I ACTUALLY AGREE WITH YOU!  
KILL...KILL!!



\*NEXT WEEK\*  
!!MORE CARNAGE!!

THEN...

JULIUS CAESAR POMPEY CRASSUS



THE ROMAN REPUBLIC WAS REPLACED BY STRONG MILITARY LEADERS.

JULIUS CAESAR WAS KILLED ON THE IDES OF MARCH, MARCH 15, BECAUSE SOME ROMANS THOUGHT HE WAS GETTING TOO POWERFUL. POMPEY AND CRASSUS HAD DIED.

THE ROMANS INVENTED THE KIND OF LAW AMERICANS WOULD USE MUCH LATER.

CHAPTER THREE  
THE HISTORY OF ROME



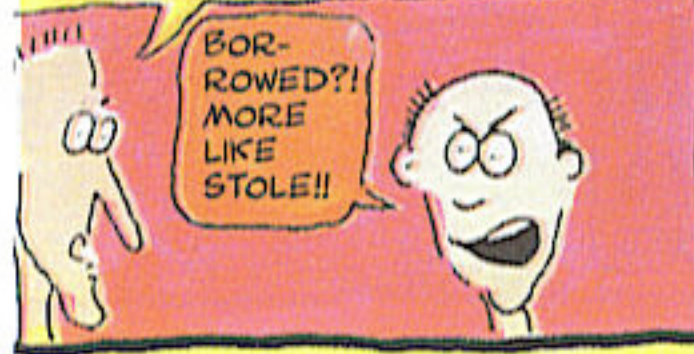
TO UNDERSTAND HOW IT WORKS, LOOK AT THE NEXT PAGE; THAT WAY, WE CAN CARRY ON.

ONE GOOD THING ABOUT ROMAN LAW. IT WAS CONSISTENT. LAWS CAME FROM ONE PLACE - ROME. ROME DECIDED HOW PEOPLE SHOULD ACT, BUT ALSO LEFT THE SYSTEM FLEXIBLE ENOUGH TO FIT DIFFERENT SITUATIONS.

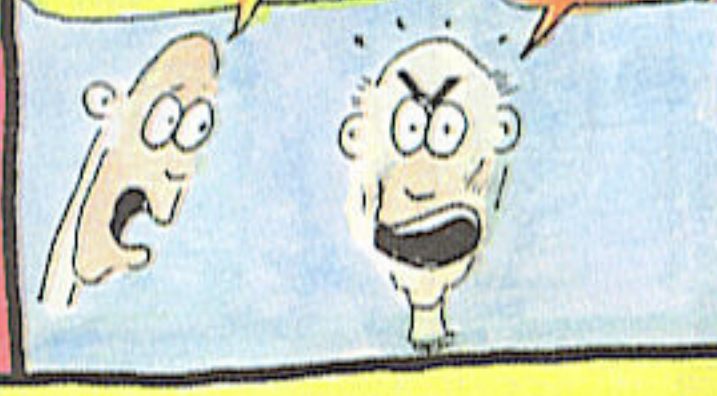


WE BORROWED ALMOST ALL OF THE GREEK RELIGION. WE JUST CHANGED THE GODS' NAMES. WE ALSO WORSHIPPED OUR ANCESTORS.

HAVE I TOLD YOU LATELY HOW CUTE YOU LOOK IN YOUR LITTLE ROMAN HAIRCUT?



BOR-ROWED?! MORE LIKE STOLE!!



AAARGH!!

IN ROME, FATHERS HAD COMPLETE CONTROL.



YOU'RE LATE COMING HOME, SON. I'M SELLING YOU INTO SLAVERY...

CHARIOT KEYS

FOUR GREAT ROMAN WRITERS.



VIRGIL



CICERO



PLUTARCH



TACITUS

- VIRGIL - WROTE 'THE AENEID' A HISTORY OF ANCIENT ROME.
- CICERO WAS A BRILLIANT ORATOR AND DEBATER. HIS WRITINGS ARE TREASURED.
- PLUTARCH WROTE OF THE SECRET OF GREATNESS BY COMPARING PEOPLE.
- TACITUS WROTE A HISTORY OF THE ROMAN EMPIRE.

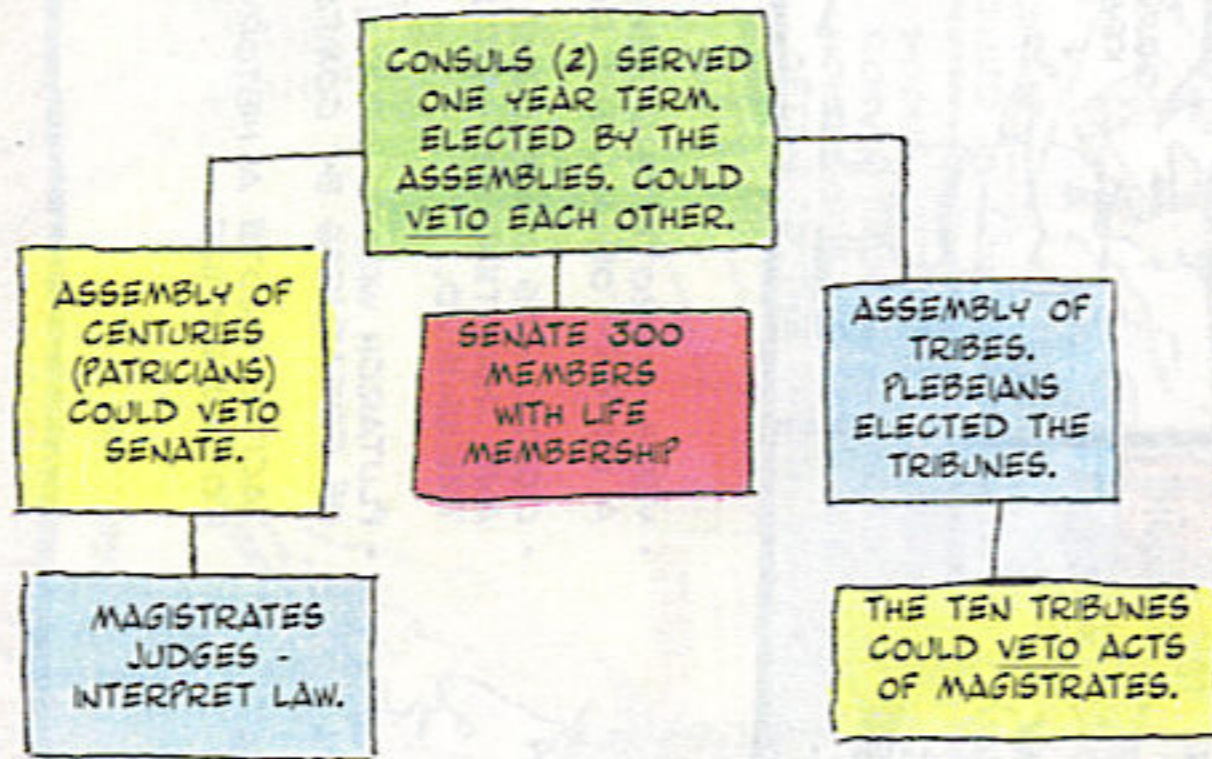
THE ROMANS CHANGED THE ALPHABET USED BY THE GREEKS. ROMANS USED LATIN. THE ALPHABET WE USE TODAY IS THE ROMAN LATIN ALPHABET, WHICH CAME FROM THE ANCIENT PHOENICIANS AND THE GREEKS.

PHOENICIAN	𐤀 𐤁 𐤂 𐤃 𐤄 𐤅 𐤆 𐤇 𐤈 𐤉 𐤊 𐤋 𐤌 𐤍 𐤎 𐤏 𐤐 𐤑 𐤒 𐤓 𐤔 𐤕 𐤖 𐤗 𐤘 𐤙 𐤚 𐤛 𐤜 𐤝 𐤞 𐤟 𐤠 𐤡 𐤢 𐤣 𐤤 𐤥 𐤦 𐤧 𐤨 𐤩 𐤰 𐤱 𐤲 𐤳 𐤴 𐤵 𐤶 𐤷 𐤸 𐤹 𐤺 𐤻 𐤼 𐤽 𐤾 𐤿
GREEK	Α Β Γ Δ Ε Η Ι Κ Λ Μ Ν Ο Π Ρ Σ Ξ Ω
LATIN (ROMAN)	A B C D E F G H I K L M N O P Q R S T W X Y Z

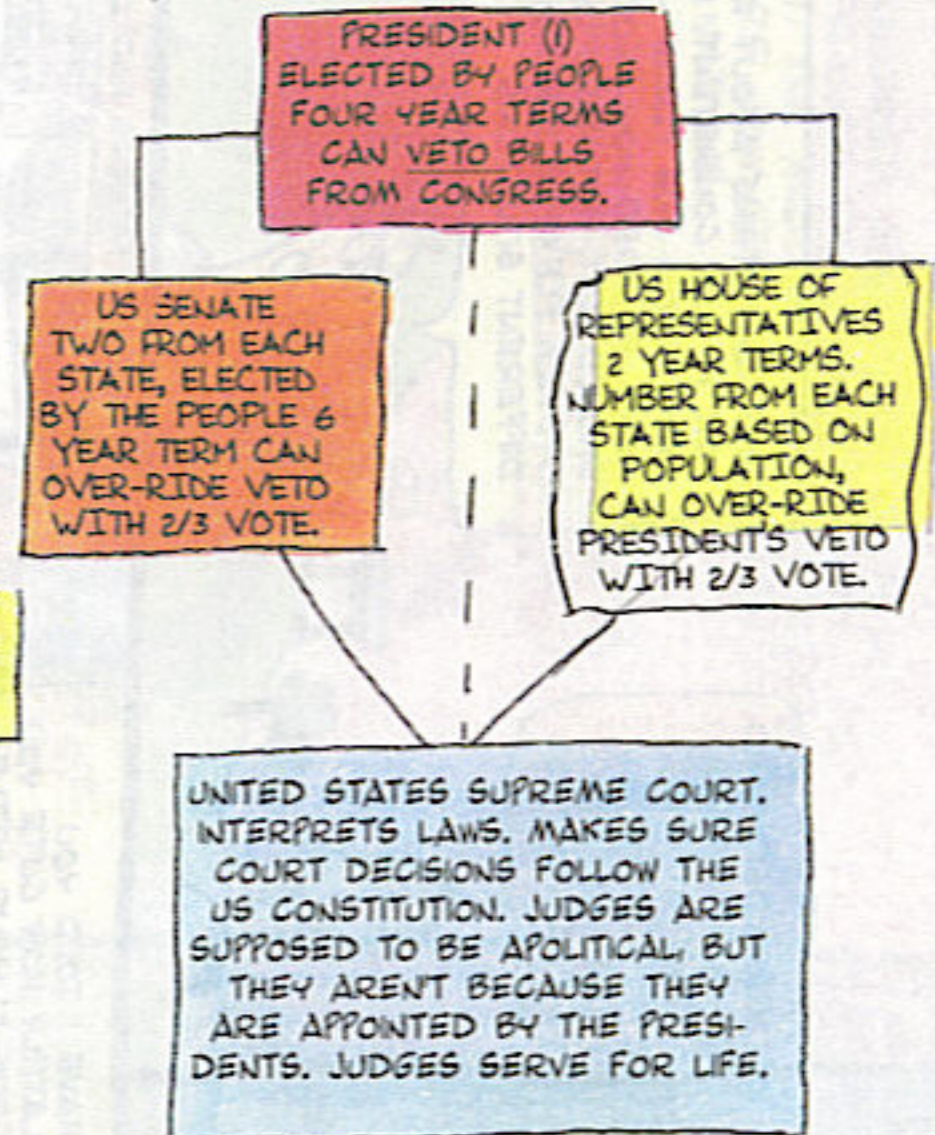
(SOME LETTERS DO NOT EXIST IN ALL ALPHABETS.)

# ROMAN, BRITISH & US GOVERNMENT

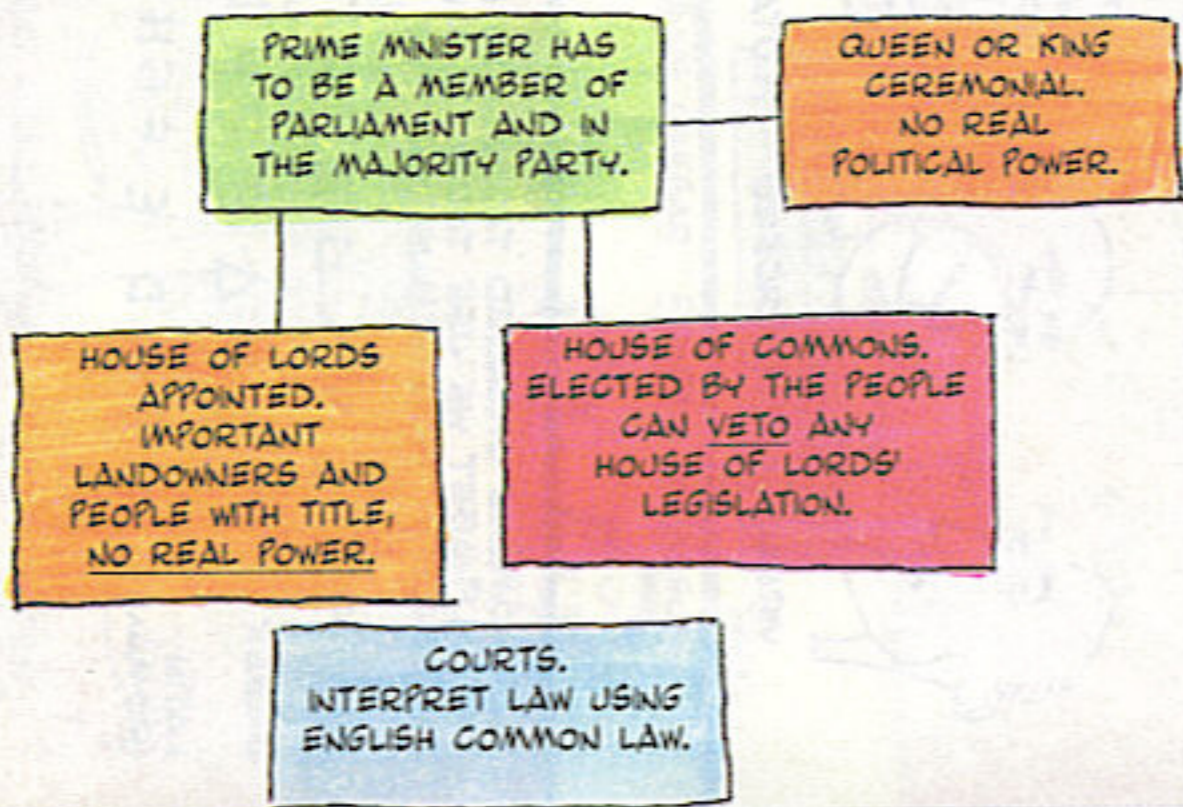
## ROME



## UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



## GREAT BRITAIN



HEY! THESE ARE ALL THE SAME!



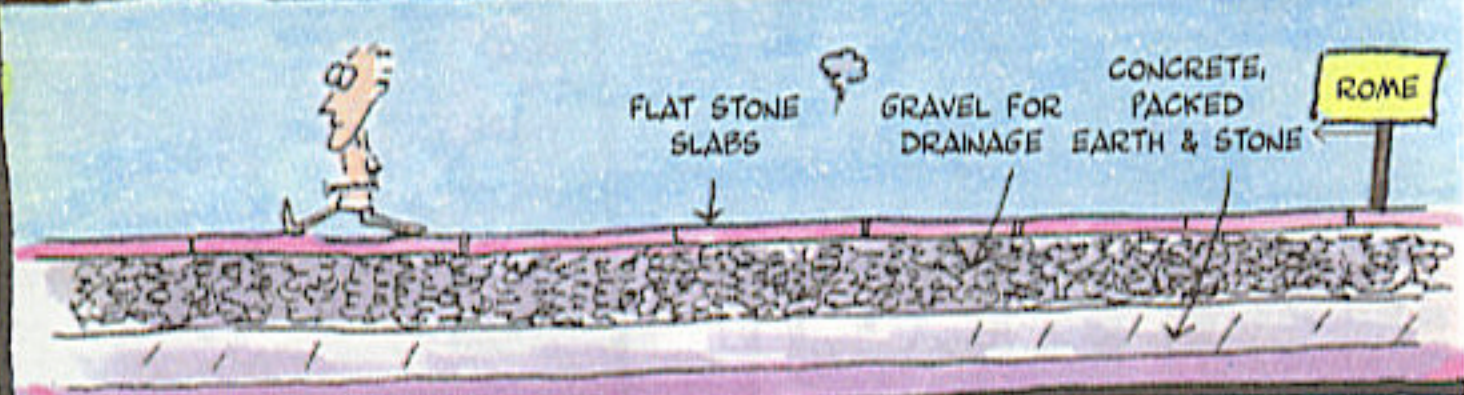
THE AMERICANS GOT THEIR LAW SYSTEM FROM ENGLAND & ENGLAND GOT THEIR LAW SYSTEM FROM ROME.



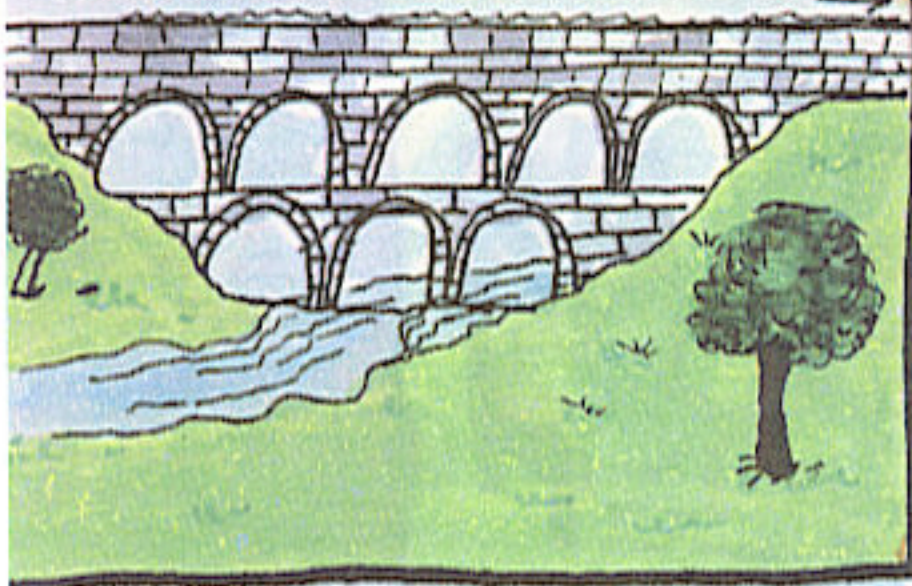
# THE HISTORY OF ROME. CHAPTER FOUR.



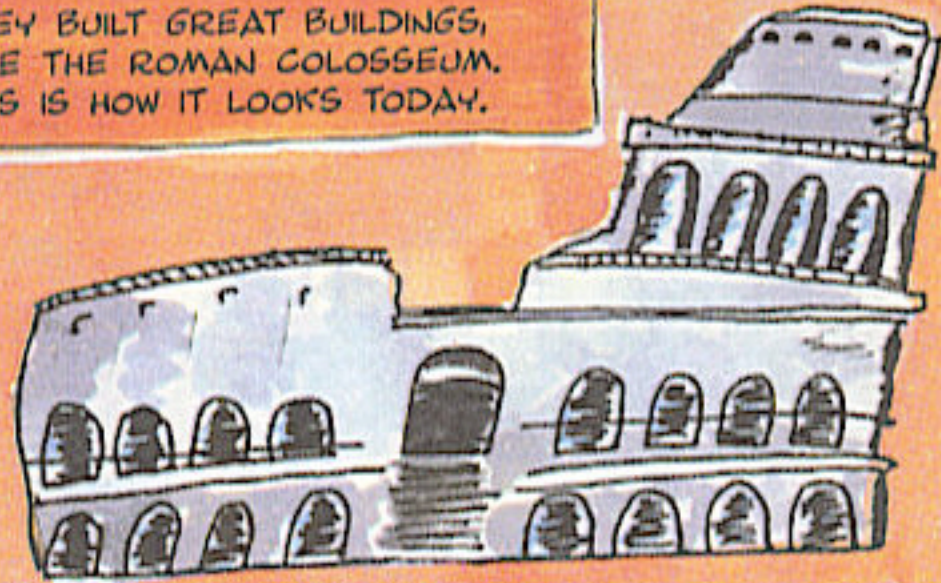
THE ROMANS BUILT WONDERFUL ROADS. THEY WERE MADE OF SEVERAL LAYERS OF STONE, GRAVEL AND CONCRETE. THE ROADS WERE IMPORTANT FOR TRADE, TRAVEL AND MILITARY USE. MANY ROMAN ROADS STILL EXIST AND SOME ARE STILL USED TODAY!



AQUEDUCTS ALLOWED WATER TO CROSS LOW PLACES SO THAT THE WATER COULD BE USED FOR TOWNS AND CROPS. MANY OF THESE STILL EXIST, TOO!



THEY BUILT GREAT BUILDINGS, LIKE THE ROMAN COLOSSEUM. THIS IS HOW IT LOOKS TODAY.

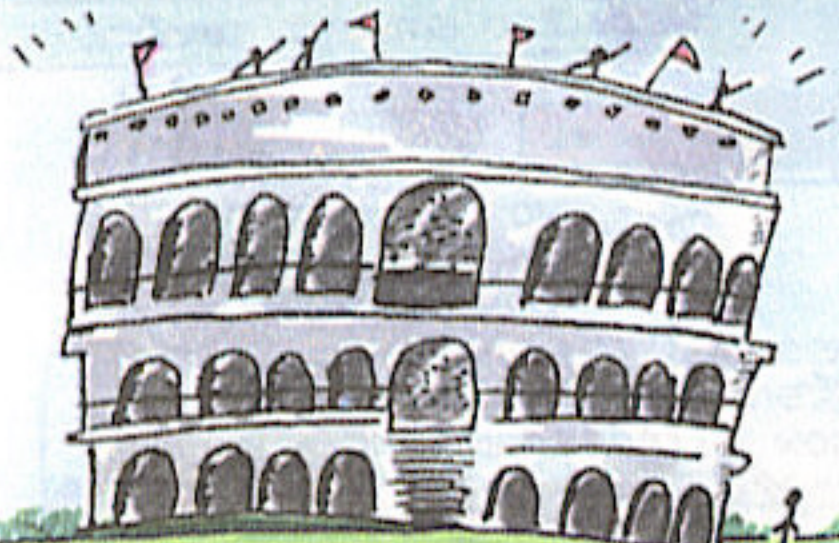
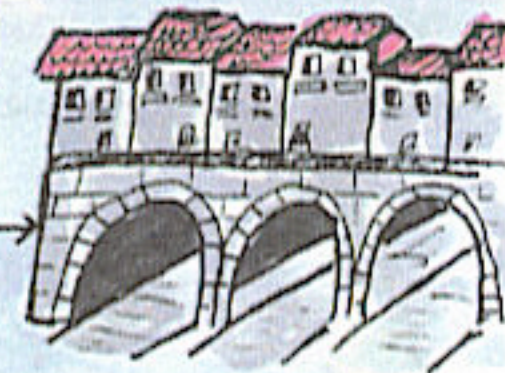


ROME MADE ARCHITECTURAL ADVANCES.

↓  
DOME (ROMAN INVENTION)

ETRUSCAN ARCHES

↑  
GREEK COLUMNS

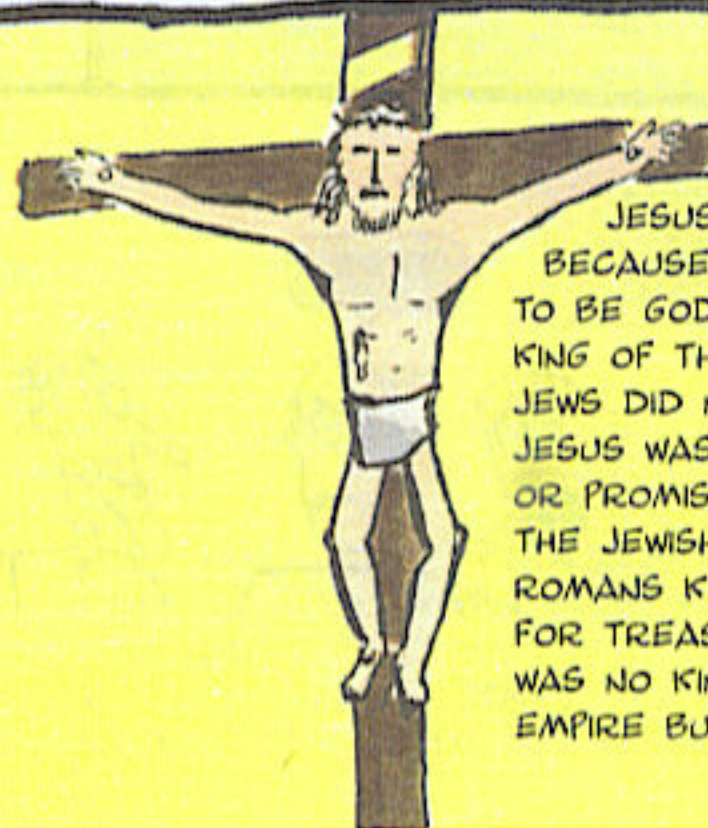
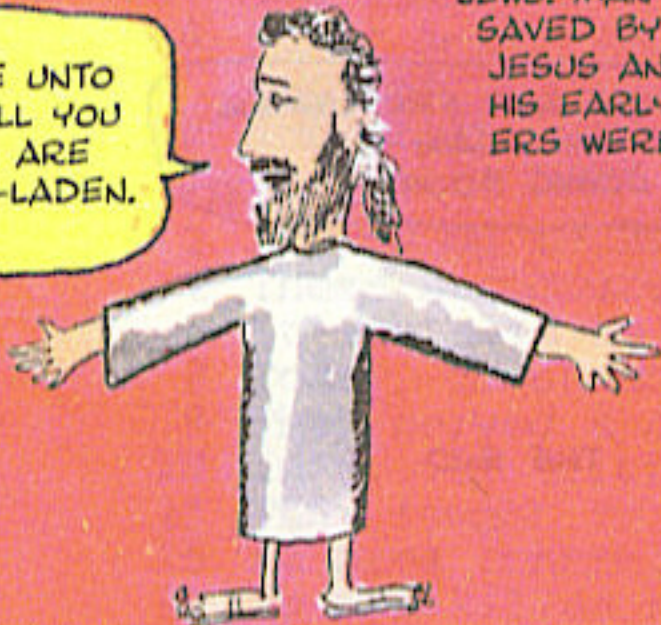


BUT THEN, IT WAS FULL OF LIFE AND EXCITEMENT!

IN THE ROMAN PROVINCE OF JUDAEA, A MAN NAMED JESUS BROUGHT A NEW MESSAGE TO THE JEWS. MAN COULD BE

SAVED BY FAITH! JESUS AND MOST OF HIS EARLY FOLLOWERS WERE JEWISH.

COME UNTO ME ALL YOU WHO ARE HEAVY-LADEN.



JESUS WAS KILLED BECAUSE HE CLAIMED TO BE GOD'S SON AND KING OF THE JEWS. MANY JEWS DID NOT BELIEVE JESUS WAS THE MESSIAH, OR PROMISED SAVIOR OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE. THE ROMANS KILLED JESUS FOR TREASON - THERE WAS NO KING OF THE EMPIRE BUT CAESAR!

HIS FOLLOWERS, WHO BECAME KNOWN AS CHRISTIANS, HAD TO USE SECRET SIGNS BECAUSE CHRISTIANITY WAS ILLEGAL.

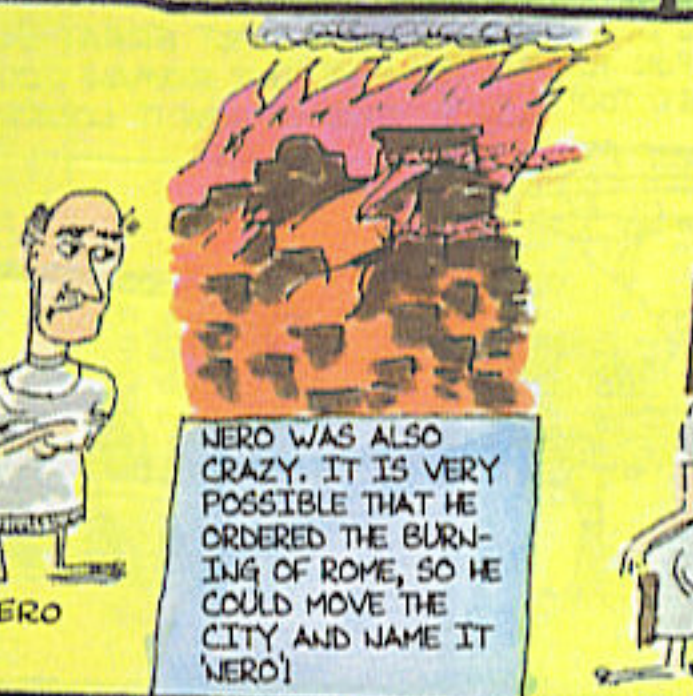
JESUS FOLLOWERS BELIEVED JESUS ROSE FROM THE DEAD AND WAS THE MESSIAH.

THEY USED A FISH AS A SECRET SIGN.

THERE FOLLOWED A TIME OF TERRIBLE EMPERORS. IN FACT, CALIGULA NOMINATED HIS HORSE TO POLITICAL OFFICE.



A MAN NAMED SAUL BECAME A CHRISTIAN AND MADE THREE TRIPS AROUND THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA TO CONVERT OTHERS. HE CHANGED HIS NAME TO PAUL.



THE ROMANS DIDN'T LIKE CHRISTIANITY BECAUSE THE CHRISTIANS TRIED TO SPREAD IT. UNDER NERO MANY CHRISTIANS WERE KILLED.



BY 400 A.D. THE ROMAN EMPIRE, WEAKENED BY POOR RULERS AND OTHER ARMIES, WAS DIVIDED IN TWO. BARBARIANS TOOK OVER THE WESTERN ROMAN EMPIRE.



CONSTANTINOPLE IS NOW CALLED ISTANBUL, TURKEY.



EMPIRES MAY RISE AND FALL, BUT HISTORY MARCHES ON!

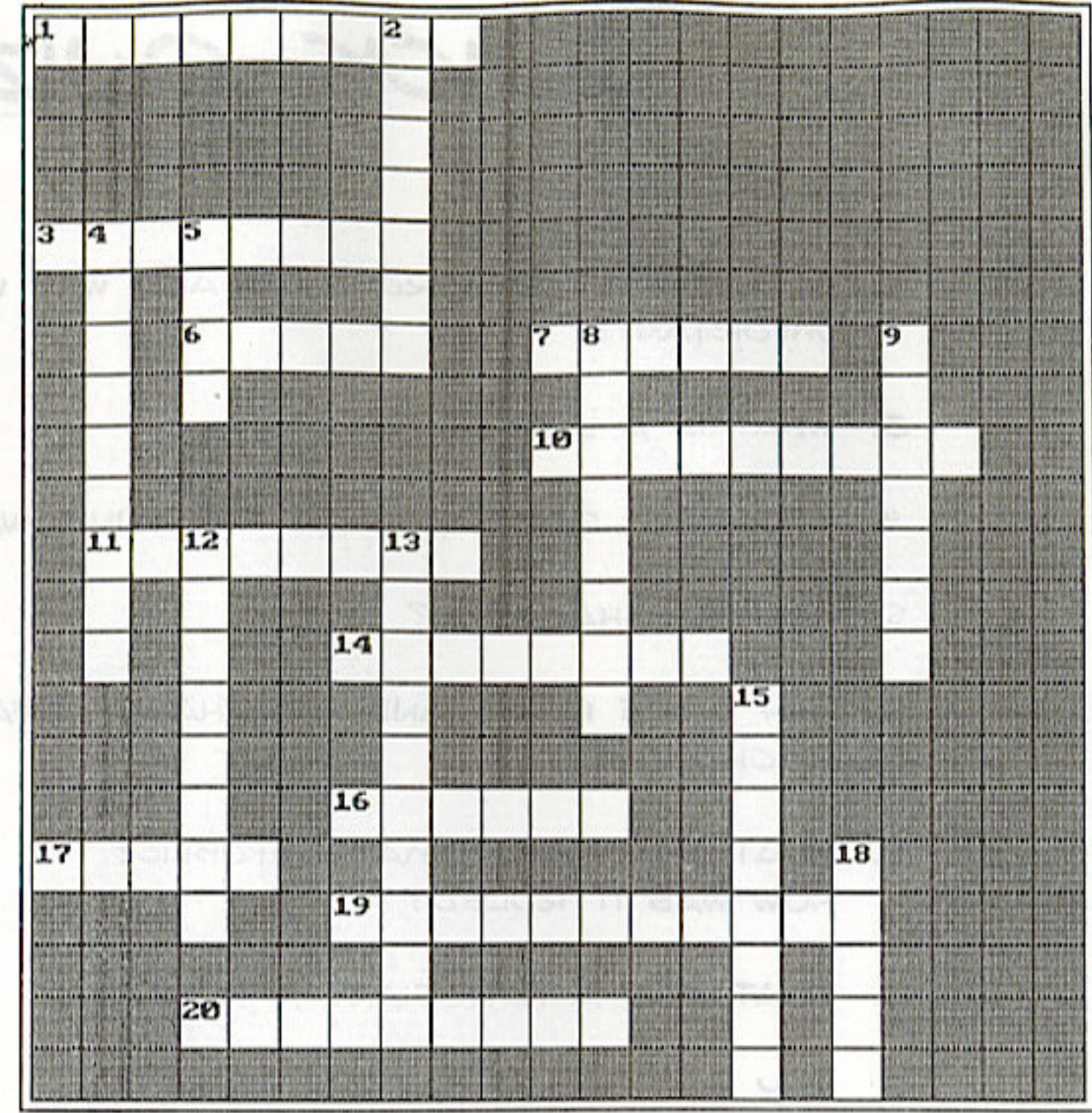
TRUE.

WELL, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, WE'LL SEE YOU AGAIN IN ANOTHER COMIC BOOK!

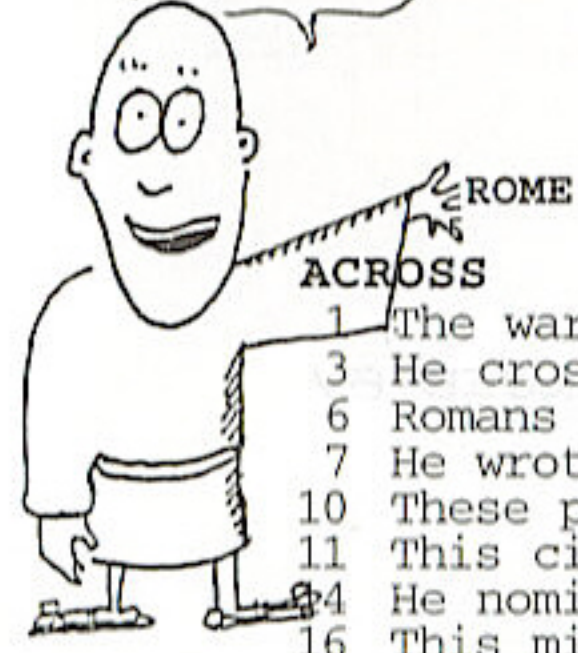
THE END.

**ROME**

- AQUEDUCTS
- CAESAR
- CALIGULA
- CARTHAGE
- COLOSSEUM
- CONSTANTINE
- CONSULS
- ETRUSCANS
- GLADIATORS
- HANNIBAL
- ISTANBUL
- JESUS
- LATIN
- NERO
- PROVINCE
- PUNIC WARS
- REPUBLIC
- ROADS
- ROMULUS
- VIRGIL



See what you learned  
Try the puzzle.



**ACROSS**

- 1 The wars between Rome and Carthage for control of Sicily.
- 3 He crossed the Alps using elephants.
- 6 Romans built wonderful.....Some are still in use today.
- 7 He wrote The Aenied, a history of ancient Rome.
- 10 These people had a large influence on Roman architecture.
- 11 This city was burned when Rome won the 3rd Punic War.
- 14 He nominated his horse for political office.
- 16 This military leader was killed on the Ides of March.
- 17 The Romans changed the Greek alphabet to?
- 19 Ruler most responsible for spreading Christianity throughout the empire?
- 20 The great arena in Rome where events were held.

**DOWN**

- 2 According to Roman legend, he founded Rome.
- 4 These structures allowed water to flow to towns and fields.
- 5 It was said he might have started the fire that burned Rome?
- 8 Today, Constantinople is called?
- 9 They served a one-year term, and were elected by the assemblies
- 12 In a.....citizens vote to control the government?
- 13 They fought to the death for the public's entertainment.
- 15 An area controlled by Rome, but not given Roman rights.
- 18 He was killed by the Romans because he said he was a king.

# QUICK QUIZ

1. WHERE IS ROME?
2. WHO WERE THE ETRUSCANS AND WHY WERE THEY IMPORTANT?
3. WHAT IS A CITY-STATE?
4. WHOM DID ROME FIGHT IN THE PUNIC WARS?
5. WHO WAS HANNIBAL?
6. WHY WERE ROME AND CARTHAGE ALWAYS FIGHTING EACH OTHER?
7. WHAT WAS THE ROMAN REPUBLIC?  
HOW WAS IT RULED?
8. WHAT WAS A PATRICIAN? A PLEBEIAN?
9. WHY WAS JULIUS CAESAR KILLED?
10. WHAT IS "THE IDES OF MARCH"?
11. THE ROMAN (LATIN) ALPHABET WAS INFLUENCED BY THE \_\_\_\_\_ AND THE \_\_\_\_\_ ALPHABETS.
12. WHO WAS CONSTANTINE, AND WHY WAS HE IMPORTANT?
13. WHO WAS JESUS? WHY WAS HE KILLED?
14. WHY DID THE ROMAN EMPIRE BREAK IN TWO?  
WHICH HALF SURVIVED LONGER?
15. HOW DOES OUR SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT COMPARE WITH ROME'S?

